



# **GCE A LEVEL MARKING SCHEME**

**AUTUMN 2021** 

A LEVEL CHEMISTRY - COMPONENT 3 A410U30-1

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# INTRODUCTION

This marking scheme was used by WJEC for the 2021 examination. It was finalised after detailed discussion at examiners' conferences by all the examiners involved in the assessment. The conference was held shortly after the paper was taken so that reference could be made to the full range of candidates' responses, with photocopied scripts forming the basis of discussion. The aim of the conference was to ensure that the marking scheme was interpreted and applied in the same way by all examiners.

It is hoped that this information will be of assistance to centres but it is recognised at the same time that, without the benefit of participation in the examiners' conference, teachers may have different views on certain matters of detail or interpretation.

WJEC regrets that it cannot enter into any discussion or correspondence about this marking scheme.

## **COMPONENT 3: CHEMISTRY IN PRACTICE**

## AUTUMN 2021 MARK SCHEME

## **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

#### Recording of marks

Examiners must mark in red ink.

One tick must equate to one mark, apart from extended response questions where a level of response mark scheme is applied.

Question totals should be written in the box at the end of the question.

Question totals should be entered onto the grid on the front cover and these should be added to give the script total for each candidate.

#### Extended response questions

A level of response mark scheme is applied. The complete response should be read in order to establish the most appropriate band. Award the higher mark if there is a good match with content and communication criteria. Award the lower mark if either content or communication barely meets the criteria.

#### Marking rules

All work should be seen to have been marked.

Marking schemes will indicate when explicit working is deemed to be a necessary part of a correct answer.

Crossed out responses not replaced should be marked.

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## Marking abbreviations

The following may be used in marking schemes or in the marking of scripts to indicate reasons for the marks awarded.

cao = correct answer only ecf = error carried forward bod = benefit of doubt

Credit should be awarded for correct and relevant alternative responses which are not recorded in the mark scheme.

	0	otion	Marking dataila			Marks a	available		
	Que	stion	Marking details	A01	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
1	(a)	(i)	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	2			2		
		(ii)	spirit burner containing propan-1-ol and metal can containing water accept beaker in place of metal can (1) known volume / mass of water added to metal can (1) award (1) for <b>both</b> measurements • initial and final temperature of the water (allow temperature change of the water) • mass of the burner before and after heating (allow change in mass of the burner) use of $\Delta H = -\frac{m \times c \times \Delta T}{n}$ (1)	2	2		4		4
	(b)	(i)	suitable scale selected on <i>x</i> -axis and <i>y</i> -axis (1) all points plotted correctly (tolerance $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ square) and line of best fit drawn (1)		2		2	2	
		(ii)	as the number of moles of ethanol (in the mixture) increases the heat evolved (in kJ) decreases linear relationship – neutral answer			1	1	1	

	Marks a	vailable		
AO1			Maths	Prac

PMT

0	otion	Marking dataila	Marks available					
Question		Marking details	A01	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
	(iii)	-2005		1		1		
		accept 2005						
	(iv)	$n(CH_3CH_2OH)$ from graph = 0.0072 (1)			1		1	
		mass of $CH_3CH_2OH = 0.0072 \times 46.06 = 0.332$ (1)		1		2		
	(v)	line starting from same point on right-hand side as plotted line (1)						
		gradient greater than plotted line (1)			2	2	2	
		Question 1 total	4	6	4	14	6	4

	0	- 4!				Marks available         AO3       Total       Maths       Maths         1       1       1       1         1       1       1       1         1       1       1       1         1       1       1       1         1       1       1       1			
	Que	estion	Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
2	(a)		<ul> <li>award (1) for either of following</li> <li>reacts with phenol to produce the (nucleophilic) phenoxide ion</li> <li>removes the proton from phenol</li> </ul>		1		1		1
	(b)	(i)	benzoic anhydride (accept benzoic acid)		1		1		1
		(ii)	award (1) for either of following benzoyl chloride more reactive not an equilibrium process			1	1		1
	(c)		<ul> <li>dissolve solid in minimum volume of hot ethanol (1)</li> <li>award (1) each for any two of following</li> <li>heat ethanol using a hot plate / hot water bath / electric heating mantle</li> <li>filter off any insoluble impurities whilst hot</li> <li>allow to cool (to crystallise solid)</li> <li>filter and dry</li> </ul>		3		3		3

0	<b>1</b> :	Marking dataila			Marks a	vailable		
Que	estion	Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
(d)		$n(C_{6}H_{5}OH) = \frac{1.5}{94.06} = 0.016  (1)$ mass of C <sub>7</sub> H <sub>5</sub> OCl = 3.0 × 1.2 = 3.6 g $n(C_{7}H_{5}OCl) = \frac{3.6}{140.55} = 0.026  \Rightarrow \text{ in excess (1)}$ theoretical mass of (C <sub>13</sub> H <sub>10</sub> O <sub>2</sub> ) = 0.016 × 198.1 = 3.2 g (1) percentage yield = $\frac{2.9}{3.2} \times 100 = 91$ (1)		3	1	4	2	
(e)		award (1) each for any <b>two</b> of following NMR HPLC GC mass spectra melting temperature		2		2		2
(f)	(i)	CHI <sub>3</sub> (1) $\begin{array}{c} CH_{3} \\ R \\ -C \\ -OH \\ H \end{array}$ (1) H		2		2		2
	(ii)	acidified potassium dichromate solution (1) colour change from orange to green (1)	2			2		2

Question	Maybing dataila			Marks a					
Question	Marking details	A01	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac		
(iii)	aldehyde		1		1		1		
(iv)	award (2) for <b>all</b> four ester structures award (1) for any <b>two</b> ester structures $H_{3}C-CH_{2}-CH_{2}-CH_{3}$ $H_{-}C-CH_{2}-CH_{2}-CH_{3}$ $H_{-}C-CH_{2}-CH_{3}$ $H_{-}C-CH_{3}$ $H_{-}C-CH_{3$			4	4		2		
	Question 2 total	2	13	6	21	2	15		

Que	tion Marking dataila			Marks a	available	,				
Que	tion Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac			
3	<ul> <li>Indicative content</li> <li>1. Fe(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> identified from pale green solu</li> <li>2. Fe(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> added to other five solutions</li> <li>3. Pale green precipitate formed identifies</li> <li>4. NaOH added to remaining four solutions</li> <li>• two solutions give white precipitate excess NaOH indicating Pb(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> and</li> <li>• two solutions give no observable remaining</li> </ul>	NaOH which are soluble in d Al₂(SO₄)₃		4	6		4			
	<ul> <li>Ba(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> and KI</li> <li>5. Take one of the solutions which gave a w NaOH and add in turn to both solutions t reaction with NaOH</li> <li>If white precipitate formed then Al<sub>2</sub>(S identified</li> <li>If (bright) yellow precipitate formed the identified</li> </ul>	at gave no observable 04)₃ and <b>Ba (NO₃)₂</b> both								
	<b>5-6 marks</b> Method outlined leads to the identification of The candidate constructs a relevant, cohere content. A sustained and substantiated line of accurately throughout.	t and logically structured account in					ative			
	metals The candidate constructs a coherent accourt	<b>3-4 marks</b> Method outlined leads to the identification of $Fe(NO_3)_2$ and NaOH and solutions containing amphoteric and non-amphoteric								

0	otion	Marking dataila				Marks a	vailable		
Ques	stion	Marking details	Marking details AO1 AO2						Prac
		<ul> <li>1-2 marks Method leads to the identification of Fe(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> and NaO The candidate attempts to link at least two relevant poin and/or inclusion of irrelevant materials. There is some examples to marks The candidate does not make any attempt or give an and some examples.</li></ul>	nts from the indicat evidence of approp	riate use					
			Question 3 total	2	0	4	6	0	4

Question	Marking details			Marks a	vailable		
Question		AO1	AO2	AO3		Prac	
<i>(a)</i> (i)	<ul> <li>award (3) for all five points award (2) for point 4 and any three others award (1) for any three points</li> <li>1. Record the mass of an empty crucible + lid</li> <li>2. Add known mass of CaSO<sub>4</sub>.2H<sub>2</sub>O and replace the crucible lid</li> <li>3. Heat the crucible (with lid) containing the solid above a Bunsen burner flame / carefully lift lid but do not remove completely</li> <li>4. Heat to constant mass</li> <li>5. Weigh crucible + lid + solid (after cooling)</li> </ul>		3		3		3
(ii)	n(CaSO <sub>4</sub> .2H <sub>2</sub> O) used = $\frac{5.20}{172.24}$ = 0.0302 (1) mass of anhydrous CaSO <sub>4</sub> formed must be measured mass = 136.2 × 0.0302 = 4.11 g (1) accept mass of water lost as an alternative mass = 0.0302 × 2 × 18.02 = 1.09 g		2		2	2	
(b)	$n(CaSO_{4.}2H_{2}O) = \frac{2.49}{172.24} = 0.0145 \text{ mol} \qquad (1)$ $M_{r}(\mathbf{M}_{2}SO_{4}) = \frac{1.59}{0.0145} = 109.90 \qquad (1)$ $M_{r}(\mathbf{M}) = \frac{(109.90 - 96.1)}{2} = 6.91  \Rightarrow  \mathbf{M} \text{ is lithium} \qquad (1)$		2	1	3	2	

Question 4 total

	0	stion	Marking dataila			Marks a	vailable		
	Que	suon	Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
5	(a)		$2l^ 2e^- \rightarrow l_2$		1		1		
	(b)		$PbO_2 + 4H^+ + 2e^- \rightarrow Pb^{2+} + 2H_2O$			1	1		
	(c)		starch indicator blue/black to colourless	1			1		1
	(d)	(i)	$n(S_2O_3^{2-}) = 0.0510 \times \frac{21.95}{1000} = 0.00112$ n(I_2) in 25.0 cm <sup>3</sup> = 0.000560 n(I_2) formed in step 1 = 8 × 0.000560 = 0.00448	1			1	1	
		(ii)	n(PbO <sub>2</sub> ) = 0.00448 in 200 cm <sup>3</sup> of solution (1) mass of PbO <sub>2</sub> = 0.00448 × 239 = 1.071 g percentage PbO <sub>2</sub> = $\frac{1.071}{1.18}$ × 100 = 90.7 (1)	1		1	2	2	
	(e)		$\frac{2 \times 0.005}{1.18} \times 100 = 0.85$		1		1	1	
	(f)	(i)	$2PbO_2(s) \rightarrow 2PbO(s) + O_2(g)$ ignore state symbols		1		1		

Questie		Marking dataila			Marks a	vailable		
Questio	)[]	Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
(ii)	)	award (1) for conversion / correct units for p, V and T $n(O_2) = \frac{pV}{RT} = \frac{1.01 \times 10^5 \times 1.23 \times 10^{-4}}{8.31 \times 873} = 0.00171  (1)$ $n(PbO_2) = 0.00342$ mass of PbO <sub>2</sub> = 0.00342 × 239 = 0.819 (1)		3		3	3	
		Question 5 total	3	6	2	11	7	1

## **COMPONENT 3: CHEMISTRY IN PRACTICE**

# SUMMARY OF MARKS ALLOCATED TO ASSESSMENT OBJECTIVES

Question	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
1	4	6	4	14	6	4
2	2	13	6	21	2	15
3	2	0	4	6	0	4
4	0	7	1	8	4	3
5	3	6	2	11	7	1
Totals	11	32	17	60	19	27

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